

# Cool Up Regional Conference: Realising Opportunities in Sustainable Cooling

28-29 September 2022

Istanbul, Türkiye

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# Regional Opportunities in Sustainable Cooling

11:30-12:30 CET | Ballroom 3

Simultaneous session

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## Agenda



### Introduction:

Moderator: Ahmed Abdelrasoul, Senior Environmental Specialist, RCREEE, Egypt

### **Panel presentations:**

Marwa Mostafa Khalil, Operations Officer, *IFC Upstream Infrastructure*, Africa, Egypt Riadh Bhar, Associate Director, *Guidehouse*, Germany Süleyman Yılmaz, Director, *UNIDO Center for Regional Cooperation*, Türkiye

**Panel discussion** 



## Cool Up Regional Conference

Regional Opportunities for Sustainable Cooling

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## **Agenda**

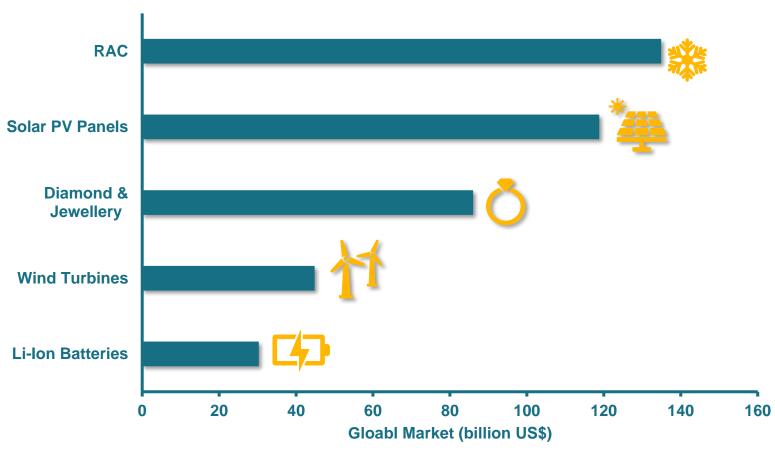


- Market Overview of Cooling Technologies
- Necessity of Green Cooling Technologies
- Regional Commitments towards Climate Change
- Regional Trade of Cooling Technologies
- Financing the Green Transition
- Best-Available-Technologies
- Regional Cooling Status Report

## **Market Overview**



### A Global Perspective



- Refrigeration and Air Conditioning (RAC) global market value versus some selected sectors for the year 2018.
- Global RAC market value was approx. US\$ 135bn compared to US\$ 119bn for solar PV.

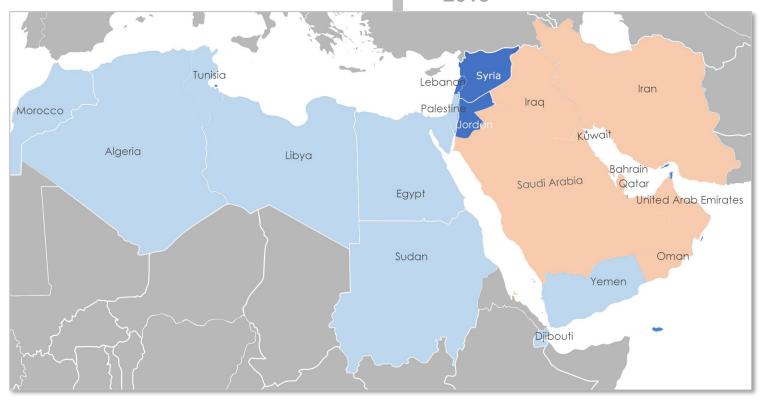
## **Market Overview**



### A Regional Perspective

- MENA Region includes 20 countries: Algeria, Bahrain, Djibouti, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Palestine, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab, Emirates, and Yemen.
- Total market size of RAC technologies within the MENA region has reached US\$ 7.8 billion in 2018 (w/o Turkey).
- An expected annual growth rate of 5% till 2024 is estimated by market research studies.

RAC market size in Turkiye reached €1.2billion in 2018 with 29% declined sales in 2019



## **Market Overview**



Brands Dominating the Regional Markets - OEMs / Assemblers

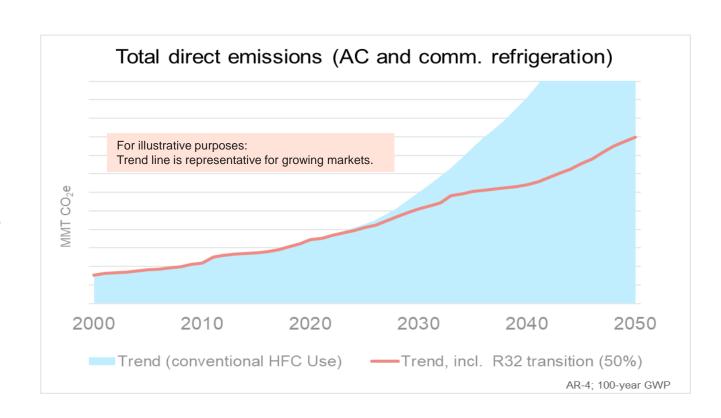
Carrier	Trane	Johnson Controls	Daikin
Hitachi	LG	MIDEA	Gree
Sharp	Toshiba	Zamil	PETRA

## **Necessity of Green Cooling Technologies**



### High Growth and Large Market Potential

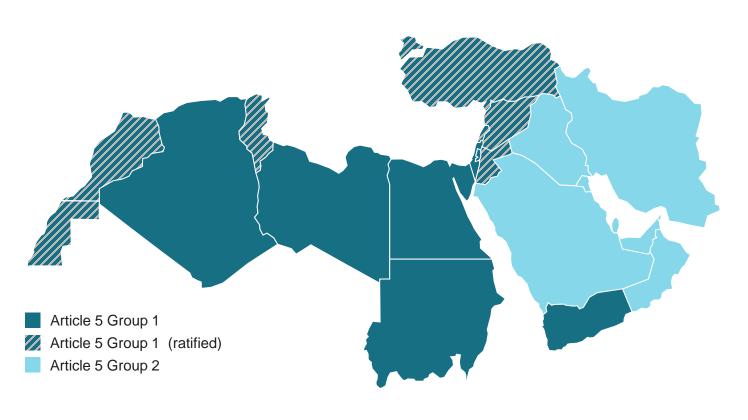
- Strong increase in refrigerant demand.
- Strong increase in direct emissions.
- Market growth may outweigh HFC demand and emission reductions from a (partial) transition to low GWP / natural refrigerants.
- Early actions that are necessary and inline with the forecasted market growth:
  - Reducing leakage rates.
  - Scrapping of old RAC units and recycling of refrigerants.
  - Use equipment with low GWP.



## **Regional Commitments**



Climate Change - Ratification Status of Kigali's Amendment



Country Group	Article 5 Group 1
Countries	Algeria, Djibouti, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Yemen
No. of countries	13
Ratification requirements	Reduction steps not anticipated earlier than 2024
Ratification complete	6 Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey

Country Group	Article 5 Group 2
Countries	Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates
No. of countries	8
Ratification requirements	Reduction steps not anticipated earlier than 2028
Ratification complete	0

## **Regional Commitments**

**NDCs** 



NDCs - Cooling Specific Targets

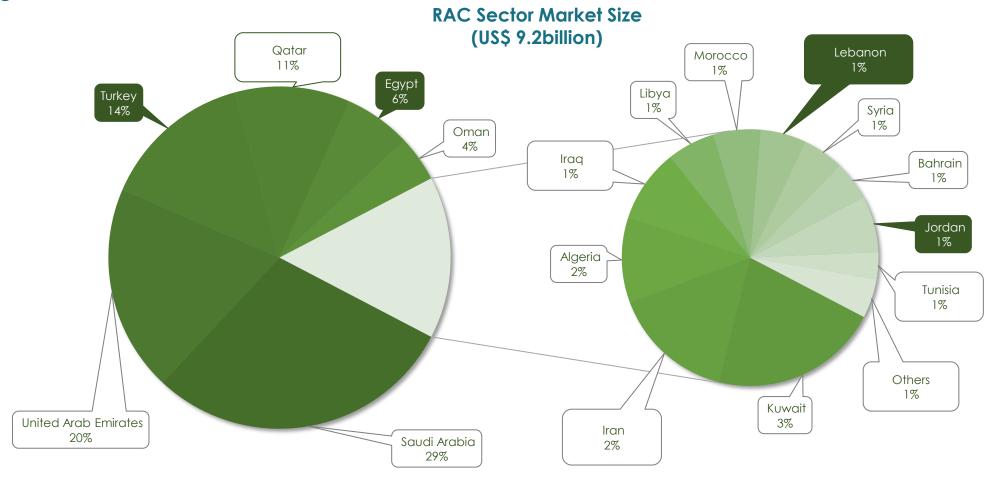
### **Turkiye**

**NDC** Set goals to increase energy savings and use of renewable energy for heating & cooling by switching to central and district heating systems in mass housing complexes and large settlement units



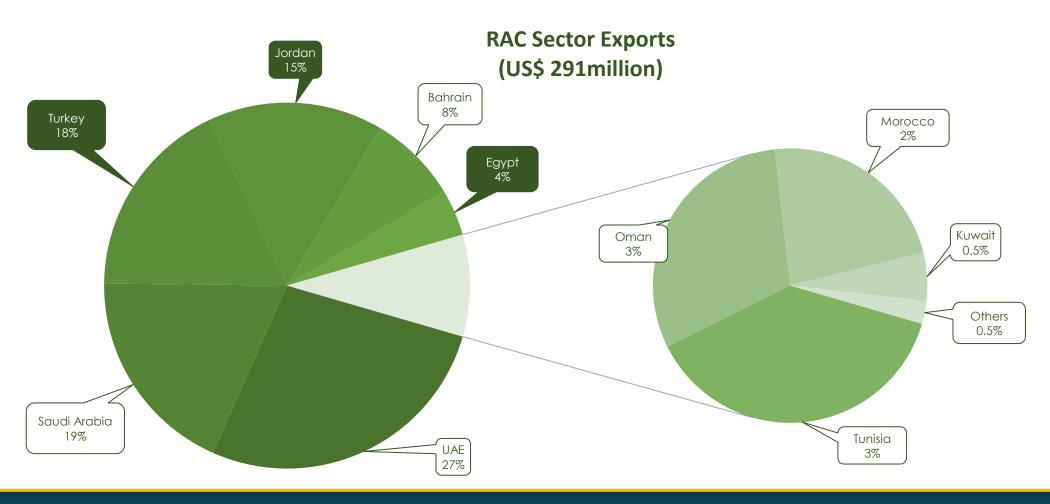


Regional Market Size





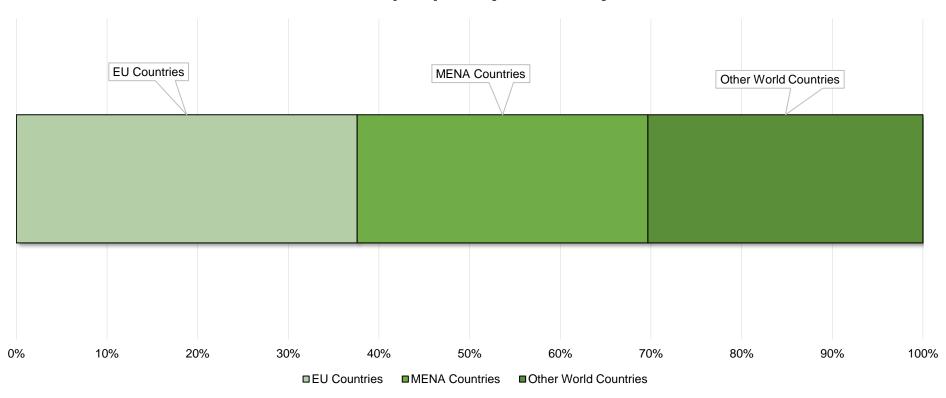
### **Regional Exports**





Trade Routes - The Case for Turkey

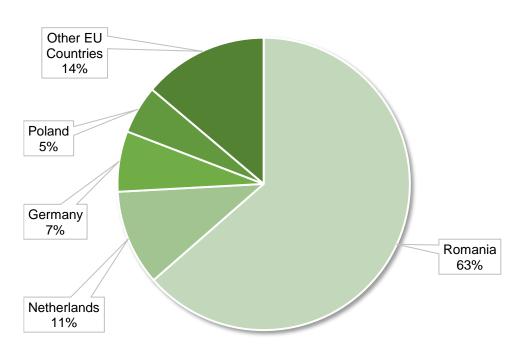
### Turkey Exports (US\$ 69.5m)



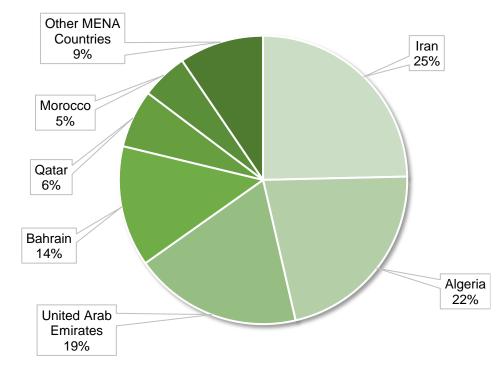


Trade Routes - The Case for Turkey

Turkey Exports to EU Countries (US\$ 26.1m)



## Turkey Exports to MENA Countries (US\$ 22.3m)

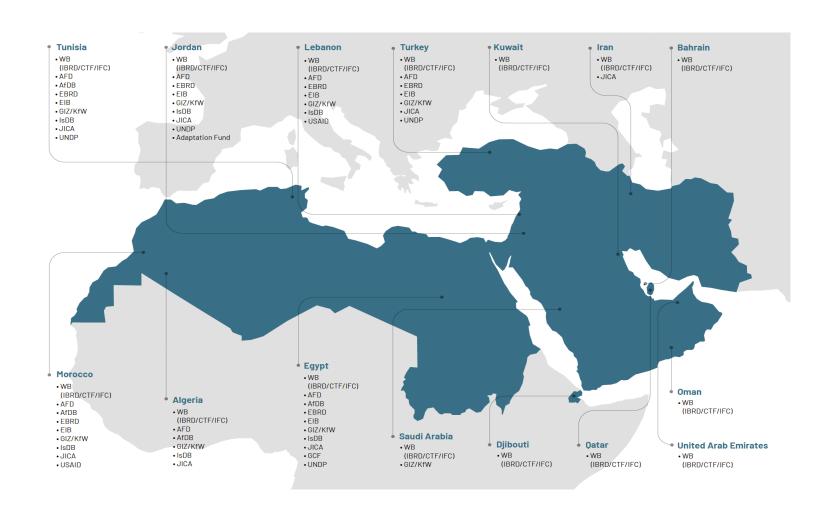


## **Finance Landscape**



### Finance Landscape - IFIs

- The MENA region is a crowded donor space due to its peculiar conditions and climate-sensitive geography.
- A variety of donors, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Sweden, and Japan, also channel their support to climate change mitigation and adaptation initiatives through the EBRD, the EIB, and multilateral climate funds such as the GCF, and the GTF.
- The GCF has supported three projects in Morocco for a total of EUR 90 million, two projects in Egypt with EUR 172 million, and one in Bahrain with EUR 2.1 million.
- The EBRD supports climate mitigation and adaptation technologies, it launched its Green Financing Facilities in several countries, facility allocation has reached Euro 2 billion and 750 million in Turkey (TurSEFF + MidSEFF) and Egypt (GEFFs), respectively.



## **Technology Landscape**



- The International Energy Agency (IEA)
   estimates that space cooling may account
   for more than 15% of the building sector's
   electricity consumption globally.
- District cooling technologies are gaining momentum in terms of interest and the number of projects, with several local manufacturers providing integrated services around the system.
- Early front runner technologies in MENA include indirect evaporative coolers, variable flow chillers, modular-central stations, and small-scale thermal storage systems with a few pilot projects in Dubai, Egypt, and Saudi Arabia.

#### Single split units

Consist of an indoor and an outdoor unit and provide AC for one indoor zone

### Self-contained (window/wall) units

Include window-mounted, through-the-wall AC units, and packaged terminal air conditioning, or PTAC, units. All components are enclosed in a single box to provide AC for one indoor zone.

#### Movable compact units

Small portable AC units that can be placed on the floor or a table

#### AC chiller

systems

entral

Chillers are connected to distribution (air or water) or delivery systems (fan coil units or chilled beams or ceilings). Central cold generation units are part of a central AC system, which can be categorised into three groups:

есе

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syste

- Compression water/brine chillers
   Compression direct expansion (DX) chillers (incl. packaged rooftop and central)
- Sorption water/brine chillers

#### VRF/multi-split systems

Multi-split systems consist of one outdoor and several indoor units. VRF systems are sophisticated multi-split systems. Several outdoor units can support many indoor units (up to 64). The indoor units can be regulated individually.



Building type	Dominant cooling technology
Commercial	Chillers (AHUs, FCUs), VRF
Offices	AHUs, FCUs, VRF, Indirect Evaporative Coolers
Hospitals	Packaged AHUs, Chillers, FCUs
Hospitality	AHUs, FCUs, VRF, Chillers
Industrial	Chillers (85% air cooled units, 15% water cooled in food)
Residential	Split ACs (70% fixed speed)
Educational	VRFs, Packaged AHUs
New districts / Urban areas	District systems

engage. exchange. accelerate.

## Regional Cooling Status Report



### What to expect?



### Policy landscape

International agreements such as the Kigali Amendment to the Montreal Protocol provide the framework for national cooling targets, which are already underway in some countries of the MENA region.



### Technology landscape

Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) systems are currently the dominant cooling solution for countries in the MENA region.



### Market landscape

The total market size of RAC technologies in the region was estimated at around EUR 8 billion in 2018 with an expected annual growth rate of 5% until 2024.



### Finance landscape

Financing institutions and programmes offer new products in the sustainability field that, in part, promote sustainable cooling solutions in some countries.

### Go to:

https://www.coolupprogramme.org /knowledge-base/reports/mena-region-cooling-status-report-issue-1



This MENA Region
Cooling Status Report is
the first of a series of
regional reports!



### Thank you for your attendance

Looking forward to your questions.

### Contact

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## Cool Up Regional Conference

Regional Opportunities in Sustainable Cooling

**The Finance Outlook** 

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Istanbul, Turkey September 29<sup>th</sup> 20222

## IFC: A MEMBER OF THE WORLD BANK GROUP





### **IBRD**

International
Bank for
Reconstruction
and
Development

Loans to middle-income and credit-worthy low-income country governments

### IDA

International Development Association

Interest-free loans and grants to governments of poorest countries

### **IFC**

International Finance Corporation

Solutions in private sector development

### MIGA

Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency

Guarantees of foreign direct investment's non-commercial risks

### **ICSID**

International
Centre for
Settlement of
Investment
Disputes

Conciliation and arbitration of investment disputes

## IFC: WHAT WE DO



Integrated Solutions, Increased Impact

LOANS		ect and corporate financing ending through intermediary institutions
EQUITY		ct equity investments ate equity funds
DERIVATIVES & STRUCTURED FINANCE		vative products to hedge interest rate, ency, or commodity-price exposures of IFC ets
TRADE & COMMODITY FINANCE		rantee of trade-related payment obligations of oved financial institutions
SYNDICATIONS		tal mobilization to serve developmental needs 60 co-financiers: banks, funds, DFIs
BLENDED FINANCE	Usin	g donor funds to crowd in private financing

## **Sustainable Cooling**



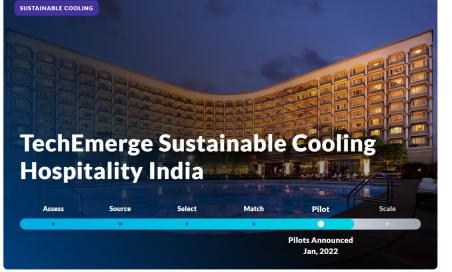
### Why Sustainable Cooling matters

- Cooling is essential for economic development, productivity, human health, and food security, but it also has significant climate impacts.
- With cooling demand rising rapidly, TechEmerge an IFC program aims to accelerate the adoption of affordable, **energy-efficient solutions** that provide cooling for all while mitigating greenhouse gas emissions.
- IFC finds District Cooling a promising sector which can contribute to adaptation and mitigation benefits.

Source: https://live-techemergem.pantheonsite.io/about-us/



### 6 Initiatives

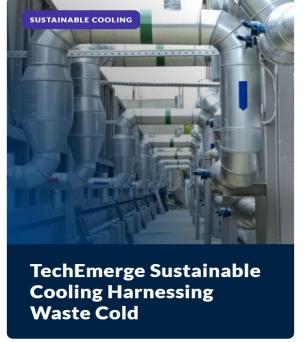












## DISTRICT COOLING ("DC")



- DC is increasingly recognized as a development priority, especially in emerging economies located in tropical zones.
- DC is a scalable technology that is known to reduce energy consumption and GHG emissions by up to 50% as compared to stand alone cooling systems.
- IFC's first DC project with Tabeed .. IFC anticipates that Tabreed would contribute to faster market adoption of DC technology in the Asian countries by successfully demonstrating the commercial viability of the "cooling as a service" business model.
- IFC's US\$ 25 million equity investment (FY22) in Tabreed is an important step forward in proving the concept.
- India will be the initial geographical focus, and other Asian and African countries may be targeted at a later stage.

### Points for Discussion



- Policies should advocate for the adoption of DC
- Energy efficiency and economic Benefits for DC
- Business models for DC
- Financing pilot DC projects
- Rollout of DC in developing countries



## **Thanks**

Marwa M. Khalil Operations Officer – Africa Infrastructure International Finance Corporation (IFC)



## BUILD\_ME



Accelerating 0-emission building sector ambitions in the MENA region project



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## Introduction to the BUILD\_ME Project















### **Problem statement**



The lack of a baseline hindering the assessment of low energy buildings

Lack of enforcement and/or availability of EEBCs

Lack of data about "Business as Usual" BaU constructions

No benchmarking of buildings' energy performance

### NO

energy consumption baseline

### **Bottleneck**

To finance energy efficient buildings

## **Our Integrated Solution**



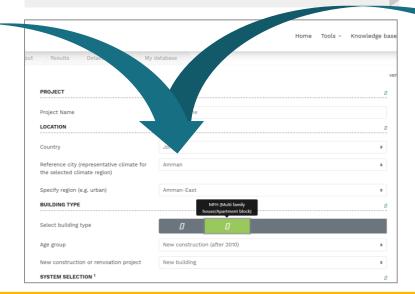
### Define own baselines and develop tailored energy labelling scheme for new buildings

- Data from real constructions not older than 3 years
- At least 5 cases per building type covered in each country building typology
- Data from subsidy programs, literature, interviews with relevant stakeholders, permits documents etc.
- BEP tool based on ISO 52016, fed with local data used as calculation engine.
- Researched buildings in building typology represents baseline, which is shown in the BEP Tool as default value.

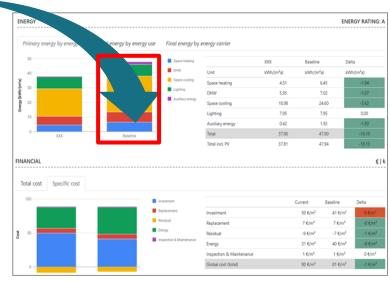
## Reference Buildings and Building Typology



## BUILD\_ME Building Energy Performance Calculation tool



## Classification of buildings compared to baseline



## Logic of the BUILD\_ME tool



Customisable, transparent, adapted to the MENA region



Performance of energy efficiency measures & RE



Calculation of monetary savings



Free web application

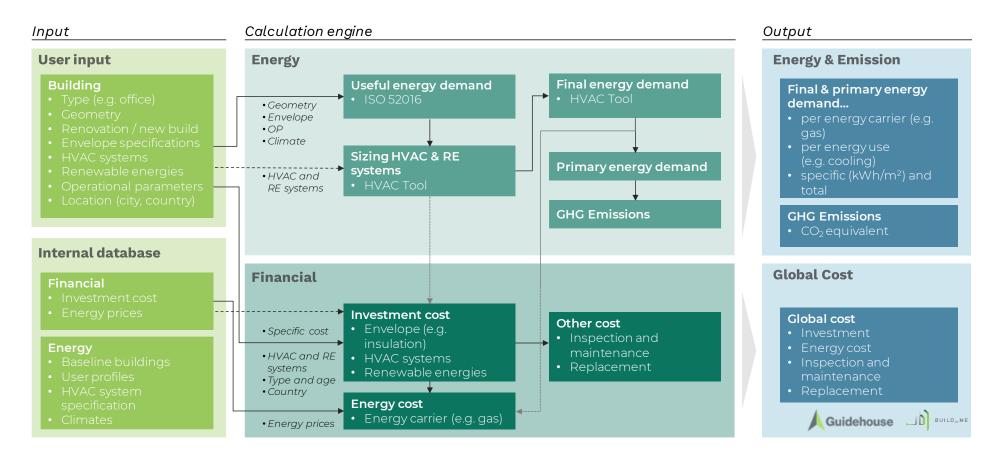


**Proven methodology** 

### How does it work?

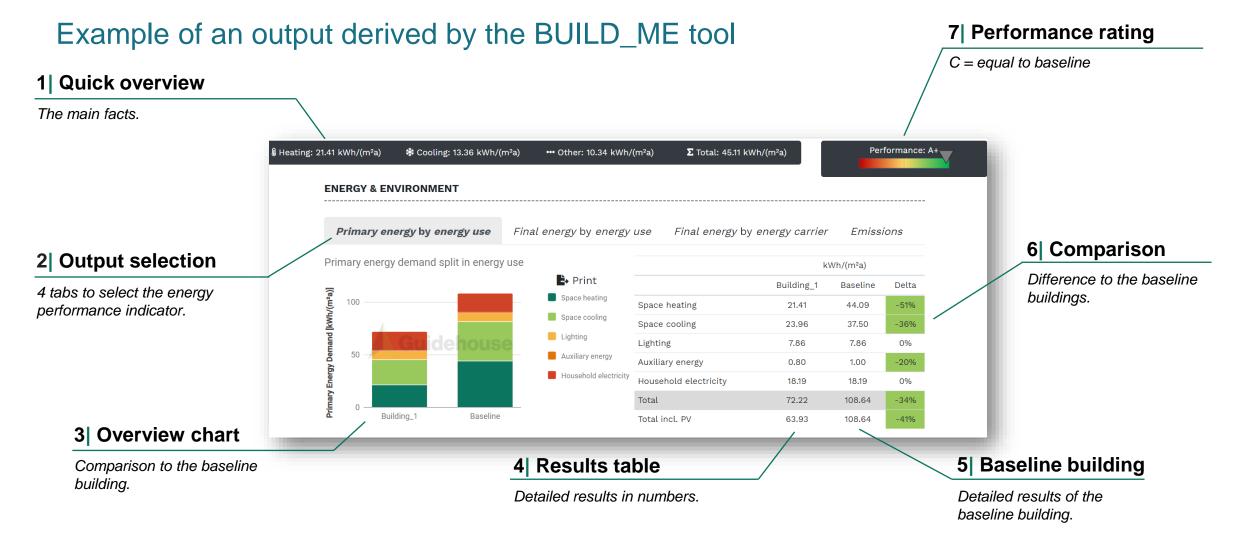


### Complex calculation engine based on international norm resulting in hourly results



## Online Web App – Results detail





## What is the added value for (I)Fls



Customisable, transparent, adapted to the MENA region



### **MENA Specific**

Up-to-date baseline in the 3 countries

Up-to-date cost data and prices based on market analysis

Updated energy consumption patterns for building types



## Easy/Simple to use

No modelling needed

No advanced indepth knowledge required



## Allows for Editable Inputs and Third Variants' Addition

Can compare with codes/rating systems

Useful for analysing the retrofitting option



## Provides Detailed Explanation of the Results

Can convert to primary energy outputs

Can show the distribution of CO2 savings per energy consumer



### Thank you for your attendance

Looking forward to your questions.

### **Contact**

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Associate Director | Energy, Sustainability and Infrastructure +49 (0) 221 65032-522 | Direct | +49 (0) 173 5127432 | Mobile | riadh.bhar@guidehouse.com

Check out our project website and test the BUILD\_ME tool

https://www.buildings-mena.com/info/building-energy-performance-tool



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#### **Cool-Up Regional Conference**

UNIDOCold-chain and Food-lose

Suleyman YILMAZ, UNIDO Country Director, 27.09.2022 'stanbul





# Why is this project in Turkiye?





### Background: Agro industry and energy needs in Türkiye

- dependent on fossil energy sources
- needs transition to reliable and competitive food-systems.
- needs for technical assistance for end users to identify energy savings investment opportunities in the sector.
- nationally generated, evidence-based knowledge to de-risk sustainable energy technology interventions along the value chains





#### **Background: Policies&Regulations**

- Barriers: Insufficient policies and coordination on energy
   & agriculture
- **Needs**: data-driven assessment of **energy demand** focusing on **cooling in the agro-industries** to lay the **evidence-based** foundation for policy and regulations.
- No action plans: on the role of energy efficiency and decentralised renewable energy solutions to support the food-systems transition or national sustainable cooling strategy.



### In Brackground: Subsectors&food

- Requires: Sub-sector specific action plans and incentives required to assist private sector's transformation
- low-carbon energy opportunities in agricultural and food sectors (e.g., cooling optimization in beverage, dairy, frozen food subsectors).
- Consumes at least 30% of the energy usage for Industrial cooling in agro industries







## Background: Food lose level & System Optimization

- Food loss in Turkiye: 25% to 40% (estimated) due to storage and transportation problems on cold chains (based on the research of the national refrigeration associations; SOSIAD, ISKAV and ISKID).
- Solutions: cooling and refrigeration system optimization on sustainable energy in agriculture
- Technology: Current state-of-the-art technology and best practice know-how: energy savings of more than 15% with none or minimal capital investments.







# What is the UNIDOs Role?







#### **UNIDOs Role**

- Some companies have achieved more than 30% of energy savings through cooling system optimization
- Such savings offer numerous, and often indirect, benefits including increased competitiveness, system reliability, reductions in workplace safety hazards and an overall elimination of harmful pollutants.





#### What are the Outputs?





#### **Project Outputs**

- 1. Decarbonization of the agro-industry and enhance food security
- -adoption of low-carbon technologies
- -increased efficiency of the energy use (e.g., optimization in industrial cooling and cold chains) and
- 2. Smart farming practices
- -reduced soil cultivation, digitization of farming equipment, solar assisted cold tanks, irrigation, and drying systems etc.
- 3. Accelerates the shift to a sustainable and inclusive food system.
- 4.Enhances the sector's resilience against energy prices thus economic competitiveness of the sector will be enhanced.







# Coordinations&Partners?







#### **Coordination Group**

- Establishment of Special Coordination Group: for institutional capacity building and supporting policy and regulations under the responsibility of different ministries for transformation across sub-sectors
- Ensures effective coordination with other relevant Ministries and agencies (Presidency of Strategy and Budget, Ministry of Environment, Urbanisation and Climate Change, Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, Ministry of Industry and Technology).
- Chaired by the MoAF.







#### **Partners: Private sector**

- Private sector Associations (e.g., dairy, beverages, fish etc.), local development agencies, SOSIAD Association of Refrigeration Industry Business People, Turkish Bioenergy Association and similar where relevant.
- MoAF facilitates: coordination with the local stakeholders, such as farmers, SMEs, agriculture and agro-industry associations, to extend the project's outreach and leverage additional resources.



### Partners: Governments&Private 3.8 Local Finance Ins.

- Government Agencies, MoAF, other ministries, National Development Agencies, Directorate of Strategy and Budget and other related governmental stakeholders
- Private sector representatives (private sector associations and federations, SME Organization (KOSGEB), SOSIAD -Association of Refrigeration Industry Business People
- Local Finance Institutions & Investors (Credit Guarantee Fond (KGF), Development an Investment Bank (KYB),
   TSKB, Development Investment Bank of Turkiye, among





### Partners: Technology&Academia & Financial Institutions

- Technology and solution (e.g., cooling optimization, digital service) providers
- Academia and research institutions
- Financial institutions (e.g., IFC, KfW, AfD, EBRD, EIB, FMO, WB etc.) and green investment funds (national and international) or adaptation funds in all areas of the project's interventions







# Thank you!! s.yilmaz@unido.org

# Suleyman Yilmaz UNIDO Country Representative in Turkiye



#### Slido – Questions from the audience

#### Wrap-Up



Thank you for joining the session

